

# Package ‘iC10’

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**Type** Package

**Title** A Copy Number and Expression-Based Classifier for Breast Tumours

**Version** 1.5

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**Description** Implementation of the classifier described in the paper 'Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples' (Ali HR et al., Genome Biology 2014). It uses copy number and/or expression from breast cancer data, trains a pamr classifier (Tibshirani et al.) with the features available and predicts the iC10 group.

**License** GPL-3

**Depends** pamr, impute, iC10TrainingData

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

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## R topics documented:

iC10-package . . . . .	2
compare . . . . .	3
getCNfeatures . . . . .	4
getExpfeatures . . . . .	5
goodnessOfFit . . . . .	6
iC10 . . . . .	7
matchFeatures . . . . .	8
normalizeFeatures . . . . .	10
plot.iC10 . . . . .	11
print.iC10 . . . . .	12
summary.iC10 . . . . .	13

<b>Index</b>	<b>15</b>
--------------	-----------

iC10-package

*A Copy Number and Expression-Based Classifier for Breast Tumours***Description**

Implementation of the classifier described in the paper 'Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples' (Ali HR et al., Genome Biology 2014). It uses copy number and/or expression from breast cancer data, trains a pamr classifier (Tibshirani et al.) with the features available and predicts the iC10 group.

**Details**

The DESCRIPTION file:

```

Package:          iC10
Type:             Package
Title:            A Copy Number and Expression-Based Classifier for Breast Tumours
Version:          1.5
Date:             2019-02-07
Author:           Oscar M Rueda
Maintainer:       Oscar M. Rueda <Oscar.Rueda@cruk.cam.ac.uk>
Description:      Implementation of the classifier described in the paper 'Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples' (Ali HR et al., Genome Biology 2014). It uses copy number and/or expression from breast cancer data, trains a pamr classifier (Tibshirani et al.) with the features available and predicts the iC10 group.
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```

Index of help topics:

```

compare          Compare results of the iC10 classifier
getCNfeatures    Internal function for matching copy number
                 features.
getExpfeatures   Internal function for matching expression
                 features.
goodnessOfFit    Goodness of fit results of the iC10 classifier
iC10             A copy number and expression-based classifier
                 for breast cancers
iC10-package     A Copy Number and Expression-Based Classifier
                 for Breast Tumours
matchFeatures    Matching features from the classifier to the
                 test data.
normalizeFeatures Normalization of expression features
plot.iC10        Plot results of the iC10 classifier
print.iC10       Print results of the iC10 classifier

```

summary.iC10                      Summary results of the iC10 classifier

iC10 implements the classifier described in the paper 'Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples' (Ali HR et al., Genome Biology 2014). It uses copy number and/or expression from breast cancer data, trains a pamr classifier (Tibshirani et al.) with the features available and predicts the iC10 group.

### Author(s)

Oscar M Rueda

Maintainer: Oscar M. Rueda <Oscar.Rueda@cruk.cam.ac.uk>

### References

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. Genome Biology 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. Nature 2012; 486:346-352. Tibshirani et al. Diagnosis of multiple cancer types by shrunken centroids of gene expression. PNAS 2002; 99(10):6567-6572.

### Examples

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
summary(res)
goodnessOfFit(res, newdata=features)
compare(res, iC10=1:2, newdata=features)
compare(res, iC10=2:4, newdata=features)
```

---

compare

*Compare results of the iC10 classifier*

---

### Description

This function plots the centroids of the training set versus the average profiles of the new data classified in each group.

### Usage

```
compare(obj, iC10=1:10, newdata, name.test="Test",...)
## S3 method for class 'iC10'
compare(obj, iC10=1:10, newdata, name.test="Test",...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An object of class <code>iC10</code> , a result of a call to <code>iC10()</code>
iC10	Groups to plot
newdata	Set of features of the new data to compare. They must be the same samples classified and contained in <code>x</code> . A result of a call to <code>matchFeatures()</code> or <code>normalizeFeatures()</code>
name.test	Name of the new data set to appear in the text of the plot
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>plot()</code>

**Value**

A plot is returned with two plots per groups requested.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M. Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352.

**See Also**

[iC10](#), [plot.iC10](#), [matchFeatures](#), [normalizeFeatures](#)

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
compare(res, 1:3, newdata=features)
```

---

getCNfeatures

*Internal function for matching copy number features.*

---

**Description**

This function should not be called directly

**Usage**

```
getCNfeatures(CN, Probes, Map, by.feats, ref, Synonyms)
```

**Arguments**

CN	CN features matrix
Probes	Vector with the probes to match
Map	data.frame with the genomic description of the features to match
by.feat	"probe" or "gene", indicating if match should be done by probe position or gene name.
ref	hg18 or hg19 (only relevant if matching is done by probe position).
Synonyms	data.frame with available synonym gene names to match (only relevant if matching is done by gene name).

**Value**

A matrix with the copy number features

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

---

getExpfeatures      *Internal function for matching expression features.*

---

**Description**

Internal function for matching expression features.

**Usage**

```
getExpfeatures(Exp, Probes, Synonyms, by.feat)
```

**Arguments**

Exp	Matrix of expression features
Probes	Vector of probes to match
Synonyms	vector of synonyms fo gene names
by.feat	either "probe" or "gene"

**Value**

A matrix with the Probes in Exp.

**Note**

This function is not supposed to be called directly. use matchFeatures instead.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. Nature 2012; 486:346-352.

**See Also**

[matchFeatures](#)

---

 goodnessOfFit

*Goodness of fit results of the iC10 classifier*


---

**Description**

Goodness of fit results of the iC10 classifier: this function computes correlations between the signatures of the training dataset and the classified features.

**Usage**

```
goodnessOfFit(obj, iC10=1:10, newdata=NULL,...)
## S3 method for class 'iC10'
goodnessOfFit(obj, iC10=1:10, newdata=NULL,...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	An object of iC10 class.
iC10	Groups to compute goodness of fit.
newdata	The feature data to compute the goodness of fit. Must be the samples classified in obj. It can be a call to matchFeatures or normalizeFeatures. If NULL, obj\$fitted is used.
...	Additional arguments passed to cor (like method; Default is pearson)

**Value**

It prints the correlation for each iC10.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. Genome Biology 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. Nature 2012; 486:346-352.

**See Also**

iC10

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
goodnessOfFit(res, newdata=features)
```

---

iC10

*A copy number and expression-based classifier for breast cancers*

---

**Description**

iC10 implements the classifier described in the paper 'Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples' (Ali HR et al., Genome Biology 2014). It uses copy number and/or expression from breast cancer data, trains a pamr classifier (Tibshirani et al.) with the features available and predicts the iC10 group.

**Usage**

```
iC10(x, seed=25435)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object with class iC10features: A list with elements 'train.CN', 'train.Exp', 'train.iC10', 'CN', 'Exp', 'map.cn', 'map.exp'
seed	seed to initialize random number generator. It is passed to set.seed(). See details.

**Details**

This function trains a pamr classifier and predicts the set of samples. The shrinkage parameter is obtained with crossvalidation, therefore different runs can give different results (unless a seed is specified).

**Value**

An object of class iC10. A list with the following elements:

class	Prediction classes for the samples
posterior	Probabilities for each sample to belong to each of the 10 groups
centroids	Shrunken Centroids for each of the 10 groups.

fitted	Normalized features for the samples classified.
map.cn	Annotation data for the copy number features
map.exp	Annotation data for the expression features

**Author(s)**

Oscar M. Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352. Tibshirani et al. Diagnosis of multiple cancer types by shrunken centroids of gene expression. *PNAS* 2002; 99(10):6567-6572.

**See Also**

See `pamr.train`, `pamr.cv` and `pamr.predict` in package `pamr`.

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
```

---

matchFeatures

*Matching features from the classifier to the test data.*

---

**Description**

This function matches available copy number and/or expression data features to the training signatures; using either genomic position or HUGO gene name for copy number features and either Illumina probe names or HUGO gene name for expression features.

**Usage**

```
matchFeatures(CN = NULL, Exp = NULL,
  CN.by.feats = c("gene", "probe"),
  Exp.by.feats = c("gene", "probe"),
  ref="hg19")
```



**Arguments**

CN	Data must be log2 copy number ratios. Two formats are allowed: - a matrix where each row represents a gene and each column a sample. In this case CN.by.feats must be "gene" and the rownames must be the hgnc gene names. - a data.frame with segmented data. The following columns must exist: 'ID' for the sample name, 'chromosome_name' for the chromosome (must be numeric), 'loc.start' for the start position of the region, 'loc.end' for the end position of the region, 'seg.mean' for the log2ratio of the segment. If NULL, copy number is not used in the classifier.
Exp	Matrix with the expression data to classify. Each row must be a gene or an Illumina probe, and each column must correspond to a sample. Rownames must be either Illumina probes, in which case Exp.by.feats must be "probe"; or hgnc gene names, in which case Exp.by.feats must be "gene". If NULL, expression is not used in the classifier.
CN.by.feats	Either "probe" or "gene", Default is "probe".
Exp.by.feats	Either "probe" or "gene", Default is "gene".
ref	Either "hg18" or "hg19". It is used to match the copy number probes if CN.by.feats is "probe"

**Details**

One of CN or Exp must be not NULL. If matching is done by gene, hgnc gene name is used to match the rownames of the features. A list of synonym gene names is used (see Map.A11). For copy number features matched by probe, the maximum log ratio in absolute value inside the limits of the feature is used. If there is no copy number in that region, the value of the probe before it is used.

**Value**

A list with the following elements is returned:

CN	copy number data to classify
train.CN	copy number training data
Exp	expression data to classify
train.Exp	expression training data
train.iC10	iC10 assignments for the training data
map.cn	annotation data for the copy number features
map.exp	annotation data for the expression features

**Note**

Note that the training set will be different, depending on the features matched. Genomic annotation for the training dataset has been obtained from Mark Dunning's IlluminaHumanv3.db package.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

## References

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352.

## See Also

[normalizeFeatures](#), [iC10](#)

## Examples

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp,Exp.by.feats="probe", ref="hg18")
str(features)
```

---

normalizeFeatures	<i>Normalization of expression features</i>
-------------------	---

---

## Description

Normalization of expression features. Several methods available in the package CONOR can be used.

## Usage

```
normalizeFeatures(x, method=c("none", "scale"))
```

## Arguments

x	An object result of a call to matchFeatures
method	Several methods are available: "none": No normalization is done "scale": Each expression feature is scaled to have zero mean and standard deviation 1

## Details

No further normalization is needed on the copy number, as log<sub>2</sub> ratios are comparable between platforms.

## Value

A list of the same format as matchFeatures, but with train.Exp and Exp normalized.

## Note

As CONOR package is no longer maintained, the methods are not available temporarily. We will include more normalization methods in the next version of this package.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352.

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp,
  Exp.by.feats="probe", ref="hg18")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
```

---

plot.iC10

*Plot results of the iC10 classifier*


---

**Description**

Plot results of the iC10 classifier, in two different formats: either the signatures of the training set or the signatures of the new data classified.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'iC10'
plot(x, sample.name=1, newdata = NULL,...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object of iC10 class:
sample.name	Number of sample to plot (if newdata is NULL). It can be either a number or a character with the sample name.
newdata	An object result to call to matchFeatures or normalizeFeatures containing the features of the samples to plot.
...	Additional arguments passed to plot.

**Details**

Two types of plots can be produced. If newdata is NULL, a panel 6x2 is drawn with the 10 profiles of the signatures of the training set and the profile of the features of sample.name and the distribution of the probabilities of classification to each iC10 for that sample. If newdata is not null, a panel 6x2 (with the 11th panel empty) is drawn with the 10 profiles of newdata samples and their distribution into the clusters. The features are sorted by type: copy number (if available) are drawn in grey, and then expression, each of them are sorted by genomic position.

**Value**

A 6x2 plot is produced.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352.

**See Also**

iC10

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
plot(res, sample.name=10)
plot(res, newdata=features)
```

---

print.iC10

*Print results of the iC10 classifier*

---

**Description**

Print results of the iC10 classifier

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'iC10'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An object of iC10 class:  
...                   Additional arguments passed to print.

**Value**

It returns a call to str.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352.

**See Also**

iC10

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp, Exp.by.feats="probe")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
res
```

---

`summary.iC10`*Summary results of the iC10 classifier*

---

**Description**

Summary results of the iC10 classifier: shows the distribution of samples classified into each iC10 group and a summary of the maximum posterior probability for each sample. Small values pinpoint samples with no clear group assigned.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'iC10'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object of iC10 class.
...	Additional arguments passed to summary.

**Value**

The function prints a table of the classification and a summary of the maximum posterior probability for each sample.

**Author(s)**

Oscar M Rueda

**References**

Ali HR et al. Genome-driven integrated classification of breast cancer validated in over 7,500 samples. *Genome Biology* 2014; 15:431. Curtis et al. The genomic and transcriptomic architecture of 2,000 breast tumours reveals novel subgroups. *Nature* 2012; 486:346-352. Tibshirani et al. Diagnosis of multiple cancer types by shrunken centroids of gene expression. *PNAS* 2002; 99(10):6567-6572.

**See Also**

See `iC10` and `pamr.train`, `pamr.cv` and `pamr.predict` in package `pamr`.

**Examples**

```
require(iC10TrainingData)
data(train.CN)
data(train.Exp)
features <- matchFeatures(Exp=train.Exp,
Exp.by.feats="probe", ref="hg18")
features <- normalizeFeatures(features, "scale")
res <- iC10(features)
summary(res)
```

# Index

## \* **package**

ic10-package, [2](#)

compare, [3](#)

getCNfeatures, [4](#)

getExpfeatures, [5](#)

goodnessOfFit, [6](#)

ic10, [4](#), [7](#), [10](#)

ic10-package, [2](#)

matchFeatures, [4](#), [6](#), [8](#)

normalizeFeatures, [4](#), [10](#), [10](#)

plot.ic10, [4](#), [11](#)

print.ic10, [12](#)

summary.ic10, [13](#)