

# Package ‘fastreeR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Phylogenetic, Distance and Other Calculations on VCF and Fasta Files

**Version** 1.10.0

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**Description** Calculate distances, build phylogenetic trees or perform hierarchical clustering between the samples of a VCF or FASTA file. Functions are implemented in Java and called via rJava. Parallel implementation that operates directly on the VCF or FASTA file for fast execution.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Language** en-US

**LazyData** false

**Depends** R (>= 4.4)

**Imports** ape, data.table, dynamicTreeCut, methods, R.utils, rJava, stats, stringr, utils

**SystemRequirements** Java (>= 8)

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**URL** <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/fastreeR>,  
<https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/fastreeR/issues>

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## Contents

fastreeR-package . . . . .	2
dist2clusters . . . . .	3
dist2tree . . . . .	4
fasta2dist . . . . .	4
tree2clusters . . . . .	5
vcf2clusters . . . . .	7
vcf2dist . . . . .	8
vcf2istats . . . . .	10
vcf2tree . . . . .	11
<b>Index</b>	<b>13</b>

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fastreeR-package	<i>fastreeR: Phylogenetic, Distance and Other Calculations on VCF and Fasta Files</i>
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## Description

Calculate distances, build phylogenetic trees or perform hierarchical clustering between the samples of a VCF or FASTA file. Functions are implemented in Java and called via rJava. Parallel implementation that operates directly on the VCF or FASTA file for fast execution.

## Author(s)

**Maintainer:** Anestis Gkanogiannis <[anestis@gkanogiannis.com](mailto:anestis@gkanogiannis.com)> ([ORCID](https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6441-0688))

## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/fastreeR>
- <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utils>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/fastreeR/issues>

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dist2clusters                      *Perform Hierarchical Clustering and tree pruning on a distance matrix*

---

### Description

Performs Hierarchical Clustering on a distance matrix (i.e. calculated with `vcf2dist` or `fasta2dist`) and generates a phylogenetic tree with agglomerative Neighbor Joining method (complete linkage) (as in `dist2tree`). The phylogenetic tree is then pruned with `cutreeDynamic` to get clusters (as in `tree2clusters`).

### Usage

```
dist2clusters(inputDist, cutHeight = NULL, minClusterSize = 1, extra = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>inputDist</code>	Input distances file location (generated with <code>vcf2dist</code> or <code>fasta2dist</code> ). File can be gzip compressed. Or a <code>dist</code> distances object.
<code>cutHeight</code>	Define at which height to cut tree. Default automatically defined.
<code>minClusterSize</code>	Minimum size of clusters. Default 1.
<code>extra</code>	Boolean whether to use extra parameters for the <code>cutreeDynamic</code> .

### Value

A list of :

- `character` vector of the generated phylogenetic tree in Newick format
- `character` vector of the clusters. Each row contains data for a cluster, separated by space. The id of the cluster, the size of the cluster (number of elements) and the names of its elements, Cluster id 0 contains all the objects not assigned to a cluster (singletons). Example clusters output :

```
0  3  Sample1  Sample2  Sample3
1  3  Sample4  Sample5  Sample6
2  2  Sample7  Sample8
3  2  Sample9  Sample0
```

### Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <anestis@gkanogiannis.com>

### References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

### Examples

```
my.clust <- dist2clusters(
  inputDist =
    system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.dist.gz", package = "fasttreeR")
)
```

---

dist2tree	<i>Generate phylogenetic tree from samples of a distance matrix</i>
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---

### Description

Performs Hierarchical Clustering on a distance matrix (i.e. calculated with [vcf2dist](#) or [fasta2dist](#)) and generates a phylogenetic tree with agglomerative Neighbor Joining method (complete linkage).

### Usage

```
dist2tree(inputDist)
```

### Arguments

`inputDist` Input distances file location (generated with [vcf2dist](#) or [fasta2dist](#)). File can be gzip compressed. Or a [dist](#) distances object.

### Value

A [character](#) vector of the generated phylogenetic tree in Newick format.

### Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <[anestis@gkanogiannis.com](mailto:anestis@gkanogiannis.com)>

### References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

### Examples

```
my.tree <- dist2tree(  
  inputDist =  
    system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.dist.gz", package = "fastreeR")  
)
```

---

fasta2dist	<i>Calculate distances between sequences of a FASTA file</i>
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---

### Description

This function calculates a d2\_S type dissimilarity measurement between the n sequences (which can represent samples) of a FASTA file. See [doi:10.1186/s1285901611863](https://doi.org/10.1186/s1285901611863) for more details.

## Usage

```
fasta2dist(  
  ...,  
  outputFile = NULL,  
  threads = 2,  
  kmer = 6,  
  normalize = FALSE,  
  compress = TRUE  
)
```

## Arguments

...	Input fasta files locations (uncompressed or gzip compressed).
outputFile	Output distances file location.
threads	Number of java threads to use.
kmer	Kmer length to use for analyzing fasta sequences.
normalize	Normalize on sequences length.
compress	Compress output (adds .gz extension).

## Value

A `dist` distances object of the calculation.

## Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <anestis@gkanogiannis.com>

## References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

## Examples

```
my.dist <- fasta2dist(  
  inputfile = system.file("extdata", "samples.fasta.gz",  
    package = "fastreeR"  
  )  
)
```

---

tree2clusters

*Perform Hierarchical Clustering and tree pruning on a phylogenetic tree*

---

## Description

The phylogenetic tree is pruned with `cutreeDynamic` to get clusters.

**Usage**

```
tree2clusters(
  treeStr,
  treeDistances = NULL,
  treeLabels = NULL,
  cutHeight = NULL,
  minClusterSize = 1,
  extra = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

`treeStr` A [character](#) vector of a phylogenetic tree in Newick format

`treeDistances` numeric [matrix](#) of distances, that were used to generate the tree. If NULL, it will be inferred from tree branch lengths.

`treeLabels` A [character](#) vector of tree leaf labels.

`cutHeight` Define at which height to cut tree. Default automatically defined.

`minClusterSize` Minimum size of clusters. Default 1.

`extra` Boolean whether to use extra parameters for the [cutreeDynamic](#).

**Value**

- [character](#) vector of the clusters. Each row contains data for a cluster, separated by space. The id of the cluster, the size of the cluster (number of elements) and the names of its elements, Cluster id 0 contains all the objects not assigned to a cluster (singletons). Example clusters output :

```
0 3 Sample1 Sample2 Sample3
1 3 Sample4 Sample5 Sample6
2 2 Sample7 Sample8
3 2 Sample9 Sample0
```

**Author(s)**

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <[anestis@gkanogiannis.com](mailto:anestis@gkanogiannis.com)>

**References**

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

**Examples**

```
my.clust <- tree2clusters(
  treeStr = dist2tree(
    inputDist = system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.dist.gz",
      package = "fasttreeR"
    )
  )
)
```

---

vcf2clusters	<i>Perform Hierarchical Clustering and tree pruning on samples of VCF file</i>
--------------	--

---

## Description

Performs Hierarchical Clustering on a distance matrix calculated as in [vcf2dist](#) and generates a phylogenetic tree with agglomerative Neighbor Joining method (complete linkage) (as in [dist2tree](#)). The phylogenetic tree is then pruned with [cutreeDynamic](#) to get clusters (as in [tree2clusters](#)).

## Usage

```
vcf2clusters(
  inputFile,
  threads = 2,
  ignoreMissing = FALSE,
  onlyHets = FALSE,
  ignoreHets = FALSE,
  cutHeight = NULL,
  minClusterSize = 1,
  extra = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

<code>inputFile</code>	Input vcf file location (uncompressed or gzip compressed).
<code>threads</code>	Number of java threads to use.
<code>ignoreMissing</code>	Ignore variants with missing data (./ or . .)
<code>onlyHets</code>	Only calculate on variants with heterozygous calls.
<code>ignoreHets</code>	Only calculate on variants with homozygous calls.
<code>cutHeight</code>	Define at which height to cut tree. Default automatically defined.
<code>minClusterSize</code>	Minimum size of clusters. Default 1.
<code>extra</code>	Boolean whether to use extra parameters for the <a href="#">cutreeDynamic</a> .

## Details

Biallelic or multiallelic (maximum 7 alternate alleles) SNP and/or INDEL variants are considered, phased or not. Some VCF encoding examples are:

- heterozygous variants : 1/0 or 0/1 or 0/2 or 1|0 or 0|1 or 0|2
- homozygous to the reference allele variants : 0/0 or 0|0
- homozygous to the first alternate allele variants : 1/1 or 1|1

If there are  $n$  samples and  $m$  variants, an  $n \times n$  zero-diagonal symmetric distance matrix is calculated. The calculated cosine type distance  $(1 - \text{cosine\_similarity})/2$  is in the range  $[0,1]$  where value 0 means completely identical samples (cosine is 1), value 0.5 means perpendicular samples (cosine is 0) and value 1 means completely opposite samples (cosine is -1).

The calculation is performed by a Java back-end implementation, that supports multi-core CPU utilization and can be demanding in terms of memory resources. By default a JVM is launched

with a maximum memory allocation of 512 MB. When this amount is not sufficient, the user needs to reserve additional memory resources, before loading the package, by updating the value of the `java.parameters` option. For example in order to allocate 4GB of RAM, the user needs to issue `options(java.parameters="-Xmx4g")` before `library(fastreeR)`.

## Value

A list of :

- `dist` distances object.
- `character` vector of the generated phylogenetic tree in Newick format
- `character` vector of the clusters. Each row contains data for a cluster, separated by space. The id of the cluster, the size of the cluster (number of elements) and the names of its elements, Cluster id 0 contains all the objects not assigned to a cluster (singletons). Example clusters output :

```
0 3 Sample1 Sample2 Sample3
1 3 Sample4 Sample5 Sample6
2 2 Sample7 Sample8
3 2 Sample9 Sample0
```

## Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <[anestis@gkanogiannis.com](mailto:anestis@gkanogiannis.com)>

## References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

## Examples

```
my.clust <- vcf2clusters(
  inputFile = system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.gz",
    package = "fastreeR"
  )
)
```

---

vcf2dist

*Calculate distances between samples of a VCF file*

---

## Description

This function calculates a cosine type dissimilarity measurement between the `n` samples of a VCF file.



**Usage**

```
vcf2dist(
  inputFile,
  outputFile = NULL,
  threads = 2,
  ignoreMissing = FALSE,
  onlyHets = FALSE,
  ignoreHets = FALSE,
  compress = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

inputFile	Input vcf file location (uncompressed or gzip compressed).
outputFile	Output distances file location.
threads	Number of java threads to use.
ignoreMissing	Ignore variants with missing data (./ or . .)
onlyHets	Only calculate on variants with heterozygous calls.
ignoreHets	Only calculate on variants with homozygous calls.
compress	Compress output (adds .gz extension).

**Details**

Biallelic or multiallelic (maximum 7 alternate alleles) SNP and/or INDEL variants are considered, phased or not. Some VCF encoding examples are:

- heterozygous variants : 1/0 or 0/1 or 0/2 or 1|0 or 0|1 or 0|2
- homozygous to the reference allele variants : 0/0 or 0|0
- homozygous to the first alternate allele variants : 1/1 or 1|1

If there are  $n$  samples and  $m$  variants, an  $n \times n$  zero-diagonal symmetric distance matrix is calculated. The calculated cosine type distance  $(1 - \text{cosine\_similarity})/2$  is in the range  $[0, 1]$  where value 0 means completely identical samples (cosine is 1), value 0.5 means perpendicular samples (cosine is 0) and value 1 means completely opposite samples (cosine is -1).

The calculation is performed by a Java backend implementation, that supports multi-core CPU utilization and can be demanding in terms of memory resources. By default a JVM is launched with a maximum memory allocation of 512 MB. When this amount is not sufficient, the user needs to reserve additional memory resources, before loading the package, by updating the value of the `java.parameters` option. For example in order to allocate 4GB of RAM, the user needs to issue `options(java.parameters="-Xmx4g")` before `library(fastreeR)`.

Output file, if provided, will contain  $n+1$  lines. The first line contains the number  $n$  of samples and number  $m$  of variants, separated by space. Each of the subsequent  $n$  lines contains  $n+1$  values, separated by space. The first value of each line is a sample name and the rest  $n$  values are the calculated distances of this sample to all the samples. Example output file of the distances of 3 samples calculated from 1000 variants:

```
3 1000
Sample1 0.0 0.5 0.2
Sample2 0.5 0.0 0.9
```

Sample3 0.2 0.9 0.0

### Value

A `dist` distances object of the calculation.

### Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <anestis@gkanogiannis.com>

### References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

### Examples

```
my.dist <- vcf2dist(  
  inputFile = system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.gz",  
    package = "fastreeR"  
  )  
)
```

---

vcf2istats

*Calculate various per sample statistics from a VCF file*

---

### Description

Only biallelic SNPs are considered. For each sample, the following statistics are calculated :

- INDIV : Sample name
- N\_SITES : Total number of SNPs
- N\_HET : Number of SNPs with heterozygous call (0/1 or 0|1 or 1/0 or 1|0)
- N\_ALT : Number of SNPs with alternate homozygous call (1/1 or 1|1)
- N\_REF : Number of SNPs with reference homozygous call (0/0 or 0|0)
- N\_MISS : Number of SNPs with missing call (./. or .|.)
- P\_HET : Percentage of heterozygous calls
- P\_ALT : Percentage of alternate homozygous calls
- P\_REF : Percentage of reference homozygous calls
- P\_MISS : Percentage of missing calls (missing rate)

### Usage

```
vcf2istats(inputFile, outputFile = NULL)
```

### Arguments

`inputFile`      Input vcf file location (uncompressed or gzip compressed).  
`outputFile`     Output samples statistics file location.

**Value**

A `data.frame` of sample statistics.

**Author(s)**

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <anestis@gkanogiannis.com>

**References**

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

**Examples**

```
my.istats <- vcf2istats(  
  inputFile =  
    system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.gz", package = "fastreeR")  
)
```

---

vcf2tree

*Generate phylogenetic tree from samples of a VCF file*

---

**Description**

This function calculates a distance matrix between the samples of a VCF file as in `vcf2dist` and performs Hierarchical Clustering on this distance matrix as in `dist2tree`. A phylogenetic tree is calculated with agglomerative Neighbor Joining method (complete linkage).

**Usage**

```
vcf2tree(  
  inputFile,  
  threads = 2,  
  ignoreMissing = FALSE,  
  onlyHets = FALSE,  
  ignoreHets = FALSE  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>inputFile</code>	Input vcf file location (uncompressed or gzip compressed).
<code>threads</code>	Number of java threads to use.
<code>ignoreMissing</code>	Ignore variants with missing data (./ or . .)
<code>onlyHets</code>	Only calculate on variants with heterozygous calls.
<code>ignoreHets</code>	Only calculate on variants with homozygous calls.

## Details

Biallelic or multiallelic (maximum 7 alternate alleles) SNP and/or INDEL variants are considered, phased or not. Some VCF encoding examples are:

- heterozygous variants : 1/0 or 0/1 or 0/2 or 1|0 or 0|1 or 0|2
- homozygous to the reference allele variants : 0/0 or 0|0
- homozygous to the first alternate allele variants : 1/1 or 1|1

If there are  $n$  samples and  $m$  variants, an  $n \times n$  zero-diagonal symmetric distance matrix is calculated. The calculated cosine type distance  $(1 - \text{cosine\_similarity})/2$  is in the range  $[0,1]$  where value 0 means completely identical samples (cosine is 1), value 0.5 means perpendicular samples (cosine is 0) and value 1 means completely opposite samples (cosine is -1).

The calculation is performed by a Java backend implementation, that supports multi-core CPU utilization and can be demanding in terms of memory resources. By default a JVM is launched with a maximum memory allocation of 512 MB. When this amount is not sufficient, the user needs to reserve additional memory resources, before loading the package, by updating the value of the `java.parameters` option. For example in order to allocate 4GB of RAM, the user needs to issue `options(java.parameters="-Xmx4g")` before `library(fastreeR)`.

## Value

A `character` vector of the generated phylogenetic tree in Newick format.

## Author(s)

Anestis Gkanogiannis, <anestis@gkanogiannis.com>

## References

Java implementation: <https://github.com/gkanogiannis/BioInfoJava-Utills>

## Examples

```
my.tree <- vcf2tree(  
  inputFile = system.file("extdata", "samples.vcf.gz",  
    package = "fastreeR"  
  )  
)
```

# Index

## \* **internal**

fastreeR-package, 2

character, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12

cutreeDynamic, 3, 5–7

data.frame, 11

dist, 3–5, 8, 10

dist2clusters, 3

dist2tree, 3, 4, 7, 11

fasta2dist, 3, 4, 4

fastreeR (fastreeR-package), 2

fastreeR-package, 2

matrix, 6

tree2clusters, 3, 5, 7

vcf2clusters, 7

vcf2dist, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11

vcf2istats, 10

vcf2tree, 11