Package 'eudysbiome'

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Type Package

| Title Cartesian plot and contingency test on 16S Microbial data |
|--|
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| Description eudysbiome a package that permits to annotate the differential genera as harmful/harmless based on their ability to contribute to host diseases (as indicated in literature) or unknown based on their ambiguous genus classification. Further, the package statistically measures the eubiotic (harmless genera increase or harmful genera decrease) or dysbiotic(harmless genera decrease or harmful genera increase) impact of a given treatment or environmental change on the (gut-intestinal, GI) microbiome in comparison to the microbiome of the reference condition. |
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assignTax

Taxonomic Classification

Description

Assign taxonomic paths to unclassified SSU rRNA sequences, by executing classify.seqs in Mothur with the 'Wang' approach.

Usage

```
assignTax(fasta, template = NULL, taxonomy = NULL, ksize = 8, iters = 100, cutoff = 80,
processors = 1, dir.out = "assignTax_out")
```

Arguments

fasta a fasta file of rRNA sequences to be assigned with taxonomies, e.g. a set of

sequences picked as the representatives of OTUs.

template a faste file of rRNA reference sequences, default to download "Silva_119_provisional_release.zip"

under "qiime" directory from SILVA archive under, and extract "Silva_119_rep_set97.fna",

a representative set of SILVA rRNA references of version119 at 97% sequence

identity.

taxonomy a taxonomic path file mapping to the template file, default to load "Silva_119_rep_set97.fna"

matched "taxonomy" stored in the package.

ksize, iters, cutoff, processors

parameters used in Classify.seqs by Mothur. ksize, kmer size which is a search option with the 'Wang' method and by default to 8. iters, iterations by default 100 to calculate the bootstrap confidence score for the assigned taxonomy. cutoff, a bootstrap confidence score for the taxonomy assignment, by default 80, which means a minimum 80% sequences were assigned by the same taxonomy, a higher value gives a more strict taxonomy assignment. processors, the number of central processing units you use to run the command, by default to 1.

dir.out a directory where the assigned files were outputted, by default to create assignTax_out

directory and output assigned files under this directory.

3 Cartesian

Details

This function performs 'classify.seqs' by running Mothur in command line mode, hence the executable Mothur on your computer is needed. For unix users, the absolute path of Mothur should be added to the PATH environmental variable and exported. For Windows users, the executable Mothur with extension .exe is required under your disks.

Value

two files under dir.out, a *. taxonomy file which contains a taxonomic path for each sequence and a *. tax. summary file which contains a taxonomic outline indicating the number of sequences that were found at each level (kingdom to species). a list containing the following components: exit-Status an error code ('0' for success) given by the execution of the system Mothur commands, see system. stderr, stdout standard errors and outputs by executing Mothur command 'classify.seqs'.

Cartesian

2-D Cartesian plane Plots

Description

This function plots a Cartesian plane of genus abundance difference across the tested conditions (yaxis) and their harmful/harmless nature (negative/positive x-axis), giving rise to up-utmost right and bottom-utmost left quadrants of microbial eubiotic impact and bottom-utmost right and up-utmost left quadrants of dysbiotic impact.

Usage

```
Cartesian(x,log2 = TRUE,micro.anno = NULL, comp.anno = NULL,
             pch = 16, point.col = NULL,point.alpha = 0.6,ylim = NULL,
             xlab = NULL, ylab = NULL, vlty = 2, hlty = 1, srt = 60,
             font = 3, adj = c(1,1), xaxis = NULL, yaxis = NULL, legend = TRUE,
             box = TRUE,box.col = c("darkblue","yellow"),
             ...)
```

Arguments

a data frame or numeric matrix of microbial abundance variations from which the plot is produced. Rows indicate the differential microbes, columns indicate the pair-wise conditions. x values can either be difference values or be log2 converted, specified with log2 parameter.

log2 logical, specifying if x values should be *log2* converted; default to TRUE.

a character vector to annotate all row microbes in x; e.g. "harmless", "harmful", micro.anno should be in same length with the microbes. It can be given by the output of

microAnnotate

a character vector of conditions pre-defined from the column pair-wise comparcomp.anno isons, should be in same length with the comparisons; default to the pair-wise

comparisons.

Cartesian Cartesian

| pch | a vector of point types. Graphical parameters:see par. |
|----------------|--|
| point.col | a vector of colors for the points. |
| point.alpha | alpha value for points; see adjustcolor. |
| ylim | limits for the y axis. |
| xlab | a title for the x axis. |
| ylab | a title for the y axis. |
| vlty, hlty | types of vertical and horizontal lines to divide the plane with x-axis and y-axis, respectively. |
| srt, font, adj | graphical parameters for the text on x-axis, see par. |
| xaxis | a character or expression vector specifying the labels of x axis by $text$; default to row names of x . |
| yaxis | a character or expression vector specifying the labels of y axis by $axis$; default to at values in $axis$. |
| legend | logical, specifying if the legend should be added to the plot; default to TRUE. |
| box | logical, specifying if the quadrants should be highlighted by boxes; default to $\ensuremath{TRUE}.$ |
| box.col | a vector of colors for the up-utmost right, bottom-utmost left quadrants and bottom-utmost right, up-utmost left quadrants, respectively; default to "darkblue" and "yellow". If only one color is specified, the other one can be NA. |
| • • • | additional parameters passed to the default method, or by it to plot.window, text,mtext,axis, and title to control the appearance of the plot. |

Value

The Cartesian plane plot

contingencyCount 5

|--|

Description

Computes the frequencies of the contingency table as the cumulated microbial abundance difference classified into each condition and eubiotic/dysbiotic impact term for examining the significance of the association (contingency) between conditions and impacts by contingencyTest.

Usage

```
contingencyCount(x, micro.anno=NULL, comp.anno=NULL)
```

Arguments

| X | See x in Cartesian, the x values should be difference values without log converted. |
|------------|---|
| micro.anno | See micro.anno in Cartesian. |
| comp.anno | See comp.anno in Cartesian. |

Details

Eubiotic impact is measured by variations of increased harmless and decreased harmful microbes, while the dysbiotic impact is measured by the decreased harmless and increased harmful microbes.

Value

The frequencies of condition-impact terms in contingency table

6 contingencyTest

| contingencyTest Contingency test for count data |
|---|
|---|

Description

Performs Chi-squared test or Fisher's exact test for testing the significance of association between conditions and eubiotic/dysbiotic impacts in a contingency table.

Usage

Arguments

| microCount | a <i>m by 2</i> data frame or numeric matrix of contingency table with frequencies under each condition-impact term; could be produced from contingencyCount. |
|---------------|---|
| chisq, fisher | logical indicating if the Chi-squared test or Fisher's exact test should be performed. |
| alternative | parameter specifying for alternative hypothesis, only used when fisher is TRUE; see fisher.test. |

Details

Chi-squared test for testing the probability that the proportions of eubiotic frequencies are different between two conditions; furtherly, the Fisher's exact test for testing whether one condition is more likely to be associated to eubiotic impact. More details, refer to chisq.test and fisher.test

Value

A list with following components: Chisq Chi-squared test results for each pair-wise condition. Chisq.p the p-values of the Chi-squared tests for all pair-wise conditions. Fisher Fisher's exact test results for each pair-wise condition. Fisher.p the p-values of the Fisher's exact tests for all pair-wise conditions.

See Also

```
contingencyCount, fisher.test, chisq.test
```

diffGenera 7

| diffGenera | Differential microbes in Genus-Species table A data frame containing 10 differential genera and the species included, which was to be annotated as "harmful" or "harmless". |
|------------|---|

Description

Differential microbes in Genus-Species table A data frame containing 10 differential genera and the species included, which was to be annotated as "harmful" or "harmless".

Usage

data(diffGenera)

Format

A data frame with 26 rows and 2 columns specifying for Genus and Species.

| eudysbiome | eudysbiome. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | | |
| eudysbiome. | | |
| | | |
| harmGenera | Manually curated genera annotation table A data frame containing 260 genera annotated as "harmful" and the harmful species included in these genera. | |

Description

Manually curated genera annotation table A data frame containing 260 genera annotated as "harmful" and the harmful species included in these genera.

Usage

data(harmGenera)

Format

A data frame with 900 rows and 3 columns specifying for Genus and Species and the references.

8 microAnnotate

| microAnnotate | Genus Annotation |
|---------------|------------------|

Description

Annotates given genera as harmful or harmless based on either our manually curated, harmful Genus-Species table in data harmGenera of this package or user defined table.

Usage

```
microAnnotate(microbe, species = TRUE, annotated.micro = NULL)
```

Arguments

microbe a genus list to be annotated; a Genus-Species data frame which represents the

genera and the included corresponding species is recommended to be provided

by users for the more accurate annotations, see tableSpecies.

species logical, specifying if the species are provided in the microbe for the annotations;

default to TRUE.

annotated.micro

the annotated genera which are used for the annotation of microbe, it could

either be loaded from the data harmGenera or defined by users.

Value

The annotated genera.

microCount 9

| microCount | Microbial count contingency table | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | |

Description

A matrix containing the counts of differential microbe classified into each condition-eubiotic/dysbiotic impact couple. Rows represent the condition comparisons, columns represent the eubiotic and dysbiotic impacts:

Usage

```
data(microCount)
```

Format

A data frame with 2 rows and 2 variables

Details

- EI. eubiotic impact
- DI. dysbiotic impact

The table can be produced by microCount function.

| microDiff | Differential annotated genera with abundance variations among pairwise condition comparisons |
|-----------|--|
| | wise condition comparisons |

Description

A list containing: i) a data frame of 10 differentila genera with abundance differences among 3 condition comparisons, in which row represents the differential microbes and column represents the comparisons; ii) Genera annotations for the 10 differential genera; iii) pre-defined condition comparison names

Usage

```
data(microDiff)
```

Format

A list

10 tableSpecies

| LeSpe | |
|-------|--|
| | |
| | |

Construct a Genus-Species Data Frame

Description

This function is used to extract only Genus-Species data from the assigned taxonomic paths outputted by assignTax and construct a table containing the classified genera and species included in these genera correspondingly.

Usage

```
tableSpecies(tax.file, microbe)
```

Arguments

tax.file a taxonomy file with SSU rRNA sequence names and assigned taxonomic paths,

see "*.taxonomy" file outputted by assignTax.

microbe a character vector specifying the genera used to construct the Genus-Species

data frame

Details

The outputted Genus-Species table can be used as input for the more accurate genus annotation, which annotates genera as harmful or harmless based on their ability to contribute to mammals' host diseases by microAnnotate.

Value

a Genus-Species data frame, only with the genera specified by microbe and the included corresponding species .

```
#a table with "Lactobacillus" and "Bacteroids" genera and the included species
genera = c("Lactobacillus", "Bacteroides")
#not excute
#tableSpecies(tax.file = "test.taxExtract.wang.taxonomy", microbe = genera)
```

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