Package 'cleanUpdTSeq'

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Type Package

Title cleanUpdTSeq cleans up artifacts from polyadenylation sites from oligo(dT)-mediated 3' end RNA sequending data

Description This package implements a Naive Bayes classifier for accurately differentiating true polyadenylation sites (pA sites) from oligo(dT)-mediated 3' end sequencing such as PAS-Seq, PolyA-Seq and RNA-Seq by filtering out false polyadenylation sites, mainly due to oligo(dT)-mediated internal priming during reverse transcription. The classifer is highly accurate and outperforms other heuristic methods.

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BED6WithSeq2GRangesSeq

Covert (extended) BED6 file to a GRanges object

Description

Convert to a GRanges object from a (extended) BED6 file with at least six columns: chrom, chrom-Start, strEnd, name, score and strand, and optional upstream sequences (including pA sites) and downstream sequences of pA sites

Usage

```
BED6WithSeq2GRangesSeq(
  file,
  skip = 1L,
  withSeq = TRUE,
  upstream.seq.ind = 7L,
  downstream.seq.ind = 8L
)
```

Arguments

file	A character(1) vector, representing a path to a extended BED file containing at
	least six columns in the order of chrom, chromStart, strEnd, name, score and
	strand. The strand information must be designated as "+", or "-". Optional
	fields-upstream sequences (including pA sites) and downstream sequences of
	pA sites-are allowed. For more details about the BED format, see https://genome.ucsc.edu/FAQ/FAQform
skip	A integer(1) vector, indicating how many rows (header lines) to skip when the BED file is read into R.
withSeq	A logical(1) vector, indicating that upstream and downstream sequences flank-

ing pA sites are included in the file

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```
upstream.seq.ind
```

An integer(1),vector delineating the column location of upstream sequences of the putative pA site

downstream.seq.ind

An integer(1),vector delineating the column location of downstream sequences of the putative pA site

Value

An object of GRanges

Author(s)

Haibo Liu, Lihua J. Zhu

Examples

buildClassifier

Build a Naive Bayes Classifier

Description

Computes the conditional a-posterior probabilities of a categorical class variable given independent predictor variables using the Bayes rule.

Usage

```
buildClassifier(
  Ndata.NaiveBayes,
  Pdata.NaiveBayes,
  upstream = 40L,
  downstream = 30L,
  wordSize = 6L,
  alphabet = c("ACGT")
)
```

Arguments

Ndata.NaiveBayes

A data.frame, containing features for the negative training data, described further in data.NaiveBayes.

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Pdata.NaiveBayes

A data frame, containing features for the positive training data, described further

in data.NaiveBayes.

upstream An integer(1) vector, length of upstream sequence to retrieve.

downstream An integer(1) vector, length of downstream sequence to retrieve.

wordSize An integer(1) vector, size of the kmer feature for the upstream sequence. word-

Size = 6 should always be used.

alphabet A character(1) vector, a string containing DNA bases. By default, "ACTG".

Value

An object of class "naiveBayes".

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou

See Also

naiveBayes

Examples

buildFeatureVector

build Feature Vector_2

Description

This function creates a data frame. Fields include peak name, upstream sequence, downstream sequence, and features to be used in classifying the putative polyadenylation site.

Usage

```
buildFeatureVector(
  peaks,
  genome = Drerio,
  upstream = 40L,
  downstream = 30L,
  wordSize = 6L,
  alphabet = "ACGT",
```

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```
sampleType = c("TP", "TN", "unknown"),
replaceNAdistance = 30L,
method = c("NaiveBayes", "SVM"),
fetchSeq = FALSE,
return_sequences = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

peaks An object of GRanges that may contain the upstream and downstream sequence

information. This item is created by the function BED6WithSeq2GRangesSeq.

genome Name of the genome to get sequences from. To find out a list of available

genomes, please type BSgenome::available.genomes() in R.

upstream An integer(1) vector, length of upstream sequence to retrieve.

downstream An integer(1) vector, length of downstream sequence to retrieve.

wordSize An integer(1) vector, size of the kmer feature for the upstream sequence. word-

Size = 6 should always be used.

alphabet A character(1) vector, a string containing DNA bases. By default, "ACTG".

sampleType A character(1) vector, indicating type of sequences for building feature vectors.

Options are TP (true positive) and TN (true negative) for training data, or un-

known for test data.

replaceNAdistance

An integer(1) vector, specifying an number for avg.distanceA2PeakEnd, the av-

erage distance of As to the putative pA site, when there is no A in the down-

stream sequence.

method A character(1) vector, specifying a machine learning method to to use. Cur-

rently, only "NaiveBayes" is implemented.

fetchSeq A logical (1), indicating whether upstream and downstream sequences should

be retrieved from the BSgenome object at this step or not.

return_sequences

A logical(1) vector, indicating whether upstream and downstream sequences

should be included in the output

Value

An object of "featureVector"

Author(s)

Sarah Sheppard, Haibo Liu, Jianhong Ou, Nathan Lawson, Lihua J. Zhu

Examples

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```
skip = 1L, withSeq = TRUE)
## build the feature vector for the test set with sequence information
testSet.NaiveBayes = buildFeatureVector(peaks,
                                        genome = Drerio,
                                        upstream = 40L,
                                        downstream = 30L,
                                        wordSize = 6L,
                                         alphabet = "ACGT",
                                         sampleType = "unknown",
                                         replaceNAdistance = 30,
                                         method = "NaiveBayes",
                                         fetchSeq = FALSE,
                                         return_sequences = TRUE)
## convert the test set to GRanges without upstream and downstream
## sequence information
peaks <- BED6WithSeq2GRangesSeq(file = testFile,</pre>
                               skip = 1L, withSeq = FALSE)
#build the feature vector for the test set without sequence information
testSet.NaiveBayes = buildFeatureVector(peaks,
                                        genome = Drerio,
                                        upstream = 40L,
                                        downstream = 30L,
                                        wordSize = 6L,
                                        alphabet = "ACGT",
                                         sampleType = "unknown",
                                         replaceNAdistance = 30,
                                         method = "NaiveBayes",
                                         fetchSeq = TRUE,
                                         return_sequences = TRUE)
```

classifier

NaiveBayes classifier

Description

An object of class "naiveBayes" generated from data. NaiveBayes

Usage

classifier

Format

An object of class "PASclassifier" including components:

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Examples

data(classifier)
names(classifier)

cleanUpdTSeq

This package classifies putative polyadenylation sites.

Description

3'ends of transcripts have generally been poorly annotated. With the advent of deep sequencing, many methods have been developed to identify 3'ends. The majority of these methods use an oligodT primer which can bind to internal adenine-rich sequences, and lead to artifactual identification of polyadenylation sites. Heuristic filtering methods rely on a certain number of As downstream of a putative polyadenylation site to classify the site as true or oligodT primed. This package provides a robust method to classify putative polyadenylation sites using a Naive Bayes classifier.

Author(s)

Sarah Sheppard, Haibo Liu, Jianhong Ou, Nathan Lawson, Lihua Julie Zhu

data.NaiveBayes

Training Data

Description

A RData containing negative and positive training data

Usage

data.NaiveBayes

Format

A list with 2 data frame, "Negative" and "Positive". Negative has 9219 observations on the following 4120 variables. And Positive is a data frame with 22770 observations on the following 4120 variables. The format is:

list("Negative") 'data.frame': 9219 obs. of 4120 variables: **list("Positive")** 'data.frame': 22770 obs. of 4120 variables:

Both of them have same structure.

list("y") a numeric vector

list("n.A.Downstream") a numeric vector

```
list("n.C.Downstream") a numeric vector
list("n.G.Downstream") a numeric vector
list("n.G.Downstream") a numeric vector
list("avg.distanceA2PeakEnd") a numeric vector
list("dimer") a numeric vector
: such as AA, AC, AG, AT, CA, ... etc. a numeric vector
list("heximer") a factor with levels 0 1
: such as AAAAAA, ACGTAC, ... etc. a factor with levels 0 1
list("upstream.seq") a vector of sequence string
```

list("downstream.seq") a vector of sequence string

Examples

```
library(BSgenome.Drerio.UCSC.danRer7)
data(data.NaiveBayes)
head(str(data.NaiveBayes$Negative))
head(str(data.NaiveBayes$Positive))
```

featureVector-class

Class "featureVector"

Description

An object of class "featureVector" represents the output of buildFeatureVector

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("featureVector", data, info).

getContextSequences

Retrieve upstream and downstream sequences

Description

Retrieve upstream and downstream sequences of pA sites from a BSgenome object based on a GRanges object

Usage

```
getContextSequences(peaks, upstream = 40L, downstream = 30L, genome)
```

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Arguments

peaks An object of GRanges representing pA sites

upstream An integer(1) vector, length of upstream sequence of pA sites, including pA site.

downstream An integer(1) vector, length of downstream sequences of pA sites

genome An object of BSgenome.

Value

A data.frame containing sequences upstream and downstream pA sites:

upstream.seq sequence upstream pA site, including pA site **downstream.seq** sequence downstream pA site

Author(s)

Haibo Liu

Examples

modelInfo-class

Class "modelInfo"

Description

An object of class "modelInfo" represents the information of sequence to use in the analysis

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("modelInfo", upstream, downstream, wordSize, alphabet).

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naiveBayes-class

Class "naiveBayes"

Description

An object of class "naiveBayes" represents the conditional a-posterior probabilities of a categorical class variable given independent predictor variables using the Bayes rule.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("naiveBayes", apriori, tables, levels, call).

PASclassifier-class

Class "PASclassifier"

Description

An object of class "PASclassifier" represents the output of buildClassifier

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("PASclassifier", classifier, info).

Examples

data(classifier)
classifier\$info\$upstream
classifier\$info\$wordSize
classifier\$info\$alphabet

 ${\tt predictTestSet}$

predict authenticity of putative pA sites

Description

classify putative pA sites into true and false bins.

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Usage

```
predictTestSet(
  Ndata.NaiveBayes = NULL,
  Pdata.NaiveBayes = NULL,
  testSet.NaiveBayes,
  classifier = NULL,
  outputFile = "test-predNaiveBayes.tsv",
  assignmentCutoff = 0.5,
  return_sequences = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

Ndata.NaiveBayes

A data.frame, containing features for the negative training data, which is built using the function buildFeatureVector. It is described further indata.NaiveBayes.

Pdata.NaiveBayes

A data.frame, containing features for the positive training data, which is built using the function buildFeatureVector. It is described further indata.NaiveBayes.

testSet.NaiveBayes

An object of featureVector for test data built for Naive Bayes analysis using the function buildFeatureVector.

classifier An object of class PASclassifier.

outputFile A character(1) vector, file name for outputting prediction results. The prediction

output is written to the file, tab separated.

output is written to the me, tab s

assignmentCutoff

A numeric(1) vector, specifying the cutoff for classifying a putative pA site into a true or false pA class. It should be any number between 0 and 1. For example, assignmentCutoff = 0.5 will assign an putative pA site with prob_true_pA > 0.5 to the True class (1), and any putative pA site with prob_true_pA < = 0.5 as False (0).

return_sequences

A logical(1) vector, indicating whether upstream and downstream sequences should be included in the output

Value

A data.frame including all info as described below. The upstream and downstream sequence used in assessing the putative pA site might be included when return_sequences = TRUE.

peak_name the name of the putative pA site (originally from the 4th field in the bed file).

prob_fake_pA the probability that the putative pA site is false prob_true_pA the probability that the putative pA site is true

pred_class the predicted class of the putative pA site, based on the assignment cutoff. 0 =

Falsee/oligo(dT) internally primed, 1 = True

upstream_seq the upstream sequence of the putative pA site used in the analysis downstream_seq the downstream sequence of the putative pA site used in the analysis.

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Author(s)

Sarah Sheppard, Haibo Liu, Jianhong Ou, Nathan Lawson, Lihua J. Zhu

References

Sheppard S, Lawson ND, Zhu LJ. Accurate identification of polyadenylation sites from 3' end deep sequencing using a naive Bayes classifier. Bioinformatics. 2013;29(20):2564-2571.

Examples

```
library(BSgenome.Drerio.UCSC.danRer7)
testFile <- system.file("extdata", "test.bed",</pre>
                         package = "cleanUpdTSeq")
## convert the test set to GRanges without upstream and downstream sequence
## information
peaks <- BED6WithSeq2GRangesSeq(file = testFile,</pre>
                                skip = 1L, withSeq = TRUE)
## build the feature vector for the test set without sequence information
testSet.NaiveBayes = buildFeatureVector(peaks,
                                          genome = Drerio,
                                          upstream = 40L,
                                          downstream = 30L,
                                          wordSize = 6L,
                                          alphabet = c("ACGT"),
                                          sampleType = "unknown";
                                          replaceNAdistance = 30,
                                          method = "NaiveBayes",
                                          fetchSeq = TRUE,
                                          return_sequences = TRUE)
data(data.NaiveBayes)
## sample the test data for code testing, DO NOT do this for real data
samp \leftarrow c(1:22, sample(23:4118, 50), 4119, 4120)
Ndata.NaiveBayes <- data.NaiveBayes$Negative[, samp]</pre>
Pdata.NaiveBayes <- data.NaiveBayes$Positive[, samp]</pre>
testSet.NaiveBayes@data <- testSet.NaiveBayes@data[, samp[-1]-1]</pre>
test_out <- predictTestSet(Ndata.NaiveBayes,</pre>
                            Pdata.NaiveBayes,
                            testSet.NaiveBayes,
                            outputFile = tempfile(),
                            assignmentCutoff = 0.5)
```

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