## HDO.db

December 11, 2024

HDOALIAS

Map from HDO alias to HDO terms

## Description

HDOALIAS is an R object that provides mapping from HDO alias to HDO terms

## Details

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

#### References

http://hdo-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

```
# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOALIAS)</pre>
```

HDOANCESTOR

Annotation of HDO Identifiers to their Ancestors

## Description

This data set describes associations between HDO terms and their ancestor terms, based on the directed acyclic graph (DAG) defined by the Disease Ontology Consortium. The format is an R object mapping the HDO terms to all ancestor terms, where an ancestor term is a more general HDO term that precedes the given HDO term in the DAG (in other words, the parents, and all their parents, etc.).

### Details

Each HDO term is mapped to a vector of ancestor HDO terms. Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

#### Examples

```
# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOANCESTOR)</pre>
```

HDO.db

Bioconductor annotation data package

#### Description

Welcome to the HDO.db annotation Package. The purpose of this package is to provide detailed information about the latest version of the Disease Ontology. This package is updated biannually. You can learn what objects this package supports with the following command: ls("package:HDO.db") Each of these objects has their own manual page detailing where relevant data was obtained along with some examples of how to use it.

## Examples

# Convert the object to a list ls("package:HDO.db")

HDOCHILDREN

Annotation of HDO Identifiers to their Children

#### Description

This data set describes associations between HDO terms and their direct children terms, based on the directed acyclic graph (DAG) defined by the Disease Ontology Consortium. The format is an R object mapping the HDO terms to all direct children terms, where a direct child term is a more specific HDO term that is immediately preceded by the given HDO term in the DAG.

#### Details

Each HDO term is mapped to a vector of children HDO terms. Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

#### HDODb-objects

#### References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOCHILDREN)</pre>

HDODb-objects

AnnotationDb objects and their progeny, methods etc.

## Description

AnnotationDb is the virtual base class for all annotation packages. It contain a database connection and is meant to be the parent for a set of classes in the Bioconductor annotation packages. These classes will provide a means of dispatch for a widely available set of select methods and thus allow the easy extraction of data from the annotation packages.

select, columns and keys are used together to extract data from an AnnotationDb object (or any object derived from the parent class). Examples of classes derived from the AnnotationDb object include (but are not limited to): ChipDb, OrgDb HDODb, InparanoidDb and ReactomeDb.

columns shows which kinds of data can be returned for the AnnotationDb object.

keytypes allows the user to discover which keytypes can be passed in to select or keys and the keytype argument.

keys returns keys for the database contained in the AnnotationDb object. This method is already documented in the keys manual page but is mentioned again here because it's usage with select is so intimate. By default it will return the primary keys for the database, but if used with the keytype argument, it will return the keys from that keytype.

select will retrieve the data as a data.frame based on parameters for selected keys columns and keytype arguments. Users should be warned that if you call select and request columns that have multiple matches for your keys, select will return a data.frame with one row for each possible match. This has the effect that if you request multiple columns and some of them have a many to one relationship to the keys, things will continue to multiply accordingly.

So it's not a good idea to request a large number of columns unless you know that what you are asking for should have a one to one relationship with the initial set of keys. In general, if you need to retrieve a column (like GO) that has a many to one relationship to the original keys, it is most useful to extract that separately.

## Usage

```
columns(x)
keytypes(x)
keys(x, keytype, ...)
select(x, keys, columns, keytype, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	the AnnotationDb object. But in practice this will mean an object derived from an AnnotationDb object such as a OrgDb or ChipDb object.
keys	the keys to select records for from the database. All possible keys are returned by using the keys method.
columns	the columns or kinds of things that can be retrieved from the database. As with keys, all possible columns are returned by using the columns method.
keytype	the keytype that matches the keys used. For the select methods, this is used to indicate the kind of ID being used with the keys argument. For the keys method this is used to indicate which kind of keys are desired from keys
	other arguments. These include:
	pattern: the pattern to match (used by keys)
	<b>column:</b> the column to search on. This is used by keys and is for when the thing you want to pattern match is different from the keytype, or when you want to simply want to get keys that have a value for the thing specified by the column argument.
	<b>fuzzy:</b> TRUE or FALSE value. Use fuzzy matching? (this is used with pattern by the keys method)

## Value

keys,columns and keytypes each return a character vector or possible values. select returns a data.frame.

## Author(s)

Marc Carlson

## Examples

HDOGENE

## Description

This data set gives mappings between HDO identifiers and gene ids.

## Details

Mappings were based on data provided by: alliancegenome With a date stamp from the source of: 20240723

## References

https://github.com/DiseaseOntology/HumanDiseaseOntology

## Examples

```
# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOGENE)</pre>
```

HDOGENENCG

Annotation of NCG Identifiers to gene ids

## Description

This data set gives mappings between NCG identifiers and gene ids.

## Details

Mappings were based on data provided by: NCG With a date stamp from the source of: 20240723

#### References

http://ncg.kcl.ac.uk/download.php

## Examples

```
# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOGENENCG)</pre>
```

```
HDOMAPCOUNTS
```

## Description

HDOMAPCOUNTS provides the "map count" (i.e. the count of mapped keys) for each map in package HDO.db.

#### Details

This "map count" information is precalculated and stored in the package annotation DB. This allows some quality control and is used by the checkMAPCOUNTS function defined in AnnotationDbi to compare and validate different methods (like count.mappedkeys(x) or sum(!is.na(as.list(x)))) for getting the "map count" of a given map.

## See Also

mappedkeys, count.mappedkeys, checkMAPCOUNTS

## Examples

# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOCHILDREN)</pre>

HDOOBSOLETE	Annotation of HDO identifiers by terms defined by Disease Ontology
	Consortium and their status are obsolete

## Description

This is an R object mapping HDO identifiers to the specific terms in defined by Disease Ontology Consortium and their definition are obsolete

## Details

All the obsolete HDO terms that are collected in this index will no longer exist in other mapping objects.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 220220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

```
HDOOFFSPRING
```

#### Description

This data set describes associations between HDO terms and their offspring terms, based on the directed acyclic graph (DAG) defined by the Disease Ontology Consortium. The format is an R object mapping the HDO terms to all offspring terms, where an ancestor term is a more specific HDO term that is preceded by the given HDO term in the DAG (in other words, the children and all their children, etc.).

## Details

Each HDO term is mapped to a vector of offspring HDO terms. Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

#### References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

#### Examples

# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HD00FFSPRING)</pre>

HDOPARENTS

Annotation of HDO Identifiers to their Parents

#### Description

This data set describes associations between HDO terms and their direct parent terms, based on the directed acyclic graph (DAG) defined by the Disease Ontology Consortium. The format is an R object mapping the HDO terms to all direct parent terms, where a direct parent term is a more general HDO term that immediately precedes the given HDO term in the DAG.

#### **Details**

Each HDO term is mapped to a named vector of HDO terms. The name associated with the parent term will be either *isa*, *partof*, where *isa* indicates that the child term is a more specific version of the parent, and *partof* indicate that the child term is a part of the parent.

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 220220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

xx <- as.list(HDOPARENTS)</pre>

HDOSYNONYM

Map from HDO synonyms to HDO terms

## Description

HDOSYNONYM is an R object that provides mapping from HDO synonyms to HDO terms

## Details

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

```
# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOSYNONYM)</pre>
```

HDOTERM

Annotation of HDO Identifiers to HDO Terms

## Description

This data set gives mappings between HDO identifiers and their respective terms.

#### Details

Each HDO identifier is mapped to a HDOTerms object that has 2 slots: do\_id: HDO Identifier; Term: The term for that HDO id

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 220220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

# Convert the object to a list
xx <- as.list(HDOTERM)</pre>

HDO\_dbconn

#### Description

Some convenience functions for getting a connection object to (or collecting information about) the package annotation DB.

## Usage

HDO\_dbconn()
HDO\_dbfile()
HDO\_dbschema(file="", show.indices=FALSE)
HDO\_dbInfo()

#### Arguments

file	A connection, or a character string naming the file to print to (see the file
	argument of the cat function for the details).
show.indices	The CREATE INDEX statements are not shown by default. Use show.indices=TRUE
	to get them.

#### Details

HD0\_dbconn returns a connection object to the package annotation DB. IMPORTANT: HDOn't call dbDisconnect on the connection object returned by HD0\_dbconn or you will break all the AnnDbObj objects defined in this package!

HDO\_dbfile returns the path (character string) to the package annotation DB (this is an SQLite file).

HDO\_dbschema prints the schema definition of the package annotation DB.

HDO\_dbInfo prints other information about the package annotation DB.

## Value

HD0\_dbconn: a DBIConnection object representing an open connection to the package annotation DB.

HDO\_dbfile: a character string with the path to the package annotation DB.

HDO\_dbschema: none (invisible NULL).

HDO\_dbInfo: none (invisible NULL).

## See Also

dbGetQuery, dbConnect, dbconn, dbfile, dbschema, dbInfo

## Examples

## Count the number of rows in the "hdo\_term" table: HDO\_dbconn() HDOmetadata

## Description

This data set gives mappings between HDO identifiers and their respective terms.

## Details

Each HDO identifier is mapped to a HDOTerms object that has 2 slots: name: HDO name; value: The value

Mappings were based on data provided by: Disease Ontology With a date stamp from the source of: 20220706

## References

http://do-wiki.nubic.northwestern.edu/index.php/Main\_Page

## Examples

```
# Convert the object to a data.frame
library(AnnotationDbi)
xx <- toTable(HDOmetadata)</pre>
```

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