

Package ‘IPDFFileCheck’

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Type Package

Title Basic Functions to Check Readability, Consistency, and Content of an Individual Participant Data File

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Description Basic checks needed with an individual level participant data from randomised controlled trial. This checks files for existence, read access and individual columns for formats. The checks on format is currently implemented for gender and age formats.

Imports dplyr, testthat, lubridate, methods, eeptools, hash, kableExtra, gtsummary, effsize, stringr, tidyselect

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calculate_age_from_dob

Function to calculate age from date of birth

Description

Function to calculate age from date of birth

Usage

```
calculate_age_from_dob(  
  data,  
  columnname,  
  enddatecol = NULL,  
  dateformat = "dmy",  
  nrcode = NA  
)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
columnname	name of column corresponding to date of birth
enddatecol	column containing when to calculate the age to, default value is null, this means the age is calculated to the current date
dateformat	format of date e.g. dmy default is dmy
nrcode	non response code corresponding to date of birth

Value

data if success error if failure

Examples

```
library(IPDFileCheck)  
this.df <- data.frame(c("1987-05-28", "1987-06-18"), c(1, 2),  
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)  
colnames(this.df) <- c("dob", "num")  
calculate_age_from_dob(this.df, "dob", NULL, "ymd")
```

calculate_age_from_year

Function to calculate age from year of birth

Description

Function to calculate age from year of birth

Usage

```
calculate_age_from_year(data, columnname, endyearcol = NULL, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
columnname	name of column corresponding to year of birth
endyearcol	name of column where the year is entered to calculate the age upto, by default its the current year
nrcode	non response code corresponding to date of birth

Value

data, if success error if failure

Examples

```
this.data.frame <- data.frame(c(1951, 1980), c("John", "Dora"))
colnames(this.data.frame) <- c("yob", "name")
calculate_age_from_year(this.data.frame, "yob", NULL, NA)
```

check_column_exists *Function to check the given column exists*

Description

Function to check the given column exists

Usage

```
check_column_exists(column_name, data)
```

Arguments

column_name	a column name
data	data frame

Value

0 if success error if failure

Examples

```
check_column_exists("age", data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15),
"Name" = c("John", "Dora")))
```

```

check_col_pattern_colname
#####
Function to check if a given pattern is contained in the column names
of a data

```

Description

Function to check if a given pattern is contained in the column names of a data

Usage

check_col_pattern_colname(pattern, column_names)

Arguments

pattern a string that needs to be checked
column_names column names actually have

Value

TRUE, if success FALSE, if failure

Examples

check_col_pattern_colname("age", "female_age")

```

check_load_packages    Function to check the package is installed, if not install

```

Description

Function to check the package is installed, if not install

Usage

check_load_packages(pkg)

Arguments

pkg name of package(s)

Value

0, if packages cant be installed and loaded, else error

Examples

```
check_load_packages("dplyr")
```

cohensd	<i>Function to find the effect size Cohen's d</i>
---------	---

Description

Function to find the effect size Cohen's d

Usage

```
cohensd(x, y)
```

Arguments

x,	a vector
y,	another vector

Value

cohens d estimated with 95

Examples

```
cohensd(c(1, 2, 3, 4), c(3, 4, 5, 6))
```

convert_date_numeric_stdform	<i>Helper function to keep date formats in year-month-date</i>
------------------------------	--

Description

Helper function to keep date formats in year-month-date

Usage

```
convert_date_numeric_stdform(column, index, orderby = "dmy")
```

Arguments

column	a data frame or a vector
index	those correspond to valid date in numeric form (omitting non response code or no entry)
orderby	give the order such as mdy, dmy etc where d refers to day, m to month and y to year

Value

entry corrected entries as in standard date format

Examples

```
convert_date_numeric_stdform(c("01/01/2000", "02/02/2002"), c(1, 2), "dmy")
```

`convert_date_string_stdform`

Helper function to keep date formats in year-month-date

Description

Helper function to keep date formats in year-month-date

Usage

```
convert_date_string_stdform(entry, orderby)
```

Arguments

entry	a date e.g 1 Jan 2020 with no commas
orderby	give the order such as mdy, dmy etc where d refers to day, m to month and y to year

Value

entry corrected entries as in standard date format

Examples

```
convert_date_string_stdform("Jan-1-2020", "mdy")
```

`convert_to_number`

Function that convert a number represented as character array

Description

Function that convert a number represented as character array

Usage

```
convert_to_number(character_array)
```

Arguments

character_array
a character array of numbers

Value

converted_number in numeric form

Examples

```
convert_to_number(c("1", "9", "8"))
```

descriptive_stats_col_excl_nrcode

Function to return descriptive statistics, sum, no of observations, mean, mode. median, range, standard deviation and standard error

Description

Function to return descriptive statistics, sum, no of observations, mean, mode. median, range, standard deviation and standard error

Usage

```
descriptive_stats_col_excl_nrcode(data, column_name, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data data frame
column_name the column name
nrcode non response code corresponding to the column

Value

the descriptive statistics for success , error for failure

Examples

```
descriptive_stats_col_excl_nrcode(data.frame("age" = c(21, 15),  
"Name" = c("John", "Dora")), "age", NA)
```

get_colno_pattern_colname

Function to return the column number if a given pattern is contained in the column names of a data

Description

Function to return the column number if a given pattern is contained in the column names of a data

Usage

```
get_colno_pattern_colname(pattern, column_names)
```

Arguments

pattern a string that needs to be checked
column_names column names actually have

Value

column number, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
get_colno_pattern_colname("age", "female_age")
```

get_columnno_fornames *Function to return the column number for column name*

Description

Function to return the column number for column name

Usage

```
get_columnno_fornames(data, column_name)
```

Arguments

data a data frame
column_name column names of the data frame

Value

column number, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
get_columnno_fornames(data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15),  
"Name" = c("John", "Dora")), "Name")
```

get_contents_cols	<i>Function to return the unique contents of the column given the column name</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Function to return the unique contents of the column given the column name

Usage

```
get_contents_cols(data, colname)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
colname	name of column corresponding to year of birth

Value

the contents of the column, if success error if failure

Examples

```
get_contents_cols(data.frame(  
"yob" = c(1951, 1980),  
"Name" = c("John", "Dora")  
) , "yob")
```

get_effect_size	<i>Function to get the effect size</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Function to get the effect size

Usage

```
get_effect_size(data, variable, by, ...)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
variable	variables to be selected for summary
by	A column name (quoted or unquoted) in data.
...	extra parameters required

Value

returns the effect sizes

```
get_mode_from_vector #####
                        Function to return mode
```

Description

Function to return mode

Usage

get_mode_from_vector(v)

Arguments

v	a vector
---	----------

Value

mode

Examples

get_mode_from_vector(c(1, 1, 2, 3))

```
get_sem #####
          Function to estimate standard error of the mean
```

Description

```
##### Func-
tion to estimate standard error of the mean
```

Usage

```
get_sem(x)
```

Arguments

```
x,          a vector
```

Value

```
SE the standard error of the mean
```

Examples

```
get_sem(c(1, 2, 3, 4))
```

```
get_summary_gtsummary  Function to return the summary table using gtsummary package
```

Description

```
Function to return the summary table using gtsummary package
```

Usage

```
get_summary_gtsummary(
  the_data,
  selectvar,
  byvar = NULL,
  no_digits = 2,
  label = NULL
)
```

Arguments

the_data	a data frame
selectvar	variables to be selected for summary
byvar	A column name (quoted or unquoted) in data.
no_digits	no of digits to display, by default it is 2 Summary statistics will be calculated separately for each level of the by variable. If NULL, summary statistics are calculated using all observations.
label	List of formulas specifying variables labels,

Value

the summary using gtsummary's tbl_summary option

Examples

```
trial <- gtsummary::trial
table1 <- get_summary_gtsummary(trial, c("trt", "age", "grade"),
  byvar = "trt")
```

get_value_from_codes *Function to get the actual value of column content if its coded*

Description

Function to get the actual value of column content if its coded

Usage

```
get_value_from_codes(data, column, nrcode = NA, list_codes_values)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
column	column name for value
nrcode	non response code corresponding to gender column
list_codes_values	list of codes to understand the codes and value

Value

0, if success error if failure

Examples

```
data = data.frame("sex" = c(1, 2, 2, 1, 1),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora", "Dora", "John", "John"))
list_codes_values = list(c("F", "M"), c(1, 2))
ans <- get_value_from_codes(data, column = "sex", nrcode = NA,
  list_codes_values)
```

```
keep_required_columns #####
  Function to keep only certain variables
```

Description

```
##### Func-
tion to keep only certain variables
```

Usage

```
keep_required_columns(variables, the_data)
```

Arguments

variables	list of variables
the_data	data to be sub setting

Value

```
subset
```

Examples

```
the_data <- data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15), "sex" = c("m", "f"))
variable <- "Age"
keep_required_columns(variable, the_data)
```

```
present_mean_sd_rmna_text
  #####
  Function to present the mean and sd of a data set in the form Mean
  (SD)
```

Description

```
##### Func-
tion to present the mean and sd of a data set in the form Mean (SD)
```

Usage

```
present_mean_sd_rmna_text(data, column_name, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	data frame
column_name	the column name
nrcode	non response code corresponding to the column

Value

the mean(sd), error for failure

Examples

```
present_mean_sd_rmna_text(data.frame(  
  "age" = c(21, 15),  
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")  
) , "age", NA)
```

represent_categorical_data_exclude_missing

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Description

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Usage

```
represent_categorical_data_exclude_missing(data, variable, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data,	a data frame
variable	the column name
nrcode	non response code

Value

number and percentages or error if failure

Examples

```
this.df <- data.frame(c(11, 78), c("m", "f"), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)  
colnames(this.df) <- c("mark", "gender")  
represent_categorical_data_exclude_missing(this.df, "gender", NA)
```

```
represent_categorical_data_forsubgroups
```

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Description

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Usage

```
represent_categorical_data_forsubgroups(  
  data,  
  variable1,  
  variable2,  
  nrcode = NA  
)
```

Arguments

data,	a data frame
variable1	the column name of the variable to be grouped based on
variable2	the column name of the variable to be represented
nrcode	non response code for the variable2

Value

the subgroup

Examples

```
this.df <- data.frame(c(11, 78,22), c("m", "f", "f"), c(1,2,2),  
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)  
colnames(this.df) <- c("mark", "gender", "group")  
represent_categorical_data_forsubgroups(this.df, "group", "gender", NA)
```

```
represent_categorical_data_include_missing
```

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Description

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Usage

```
represent_categorical_data_include_missing(data, variable, nrcode = NA)
```


Arguments

data,	a data frame
variable	the column name
nrcode	non response code

Value

number and percentages or error if failure

Examples

```
this.df <- data.frame(c(11, 78), c("m", "f"), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
colnames(this.df) <- c("mark", "gender")
represent_categorical_data_include_missing(this.df, "gender", NA)
```

represent_categorical_textdata

Function to represent categorical data in the form - numbers (percentage)

Description

Function to represent categorical data in the form - numbers (percentage)

Usage

```
represent_categorical_textdata(data, variable, nrcode)
```

Arguments

data	data frame
variable	column name
nrcode	non response code

Value

the numbers (percentage) , error for failure

Examples

```
df <- data.frame(c(11, 78), c("m", "f"), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
colnames(df) <- c("mark", "gender")
represent_categorical_textdata(df, "gender", NA)
```

represent_numerical_data_forsubgroups

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Description

Function to find the number and percentages of categories

Usage

```
represent_numerical_data_forsubgroups(data, variable1, variable2, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data,	a data frame
variable1	the column name of the variable to be grouped based on (categorical column)
variable2	the column name of the variable to be represented (numerical data)
nrcode	non response code for the variable2

Value

the subgroup

Examples

```
this.df <- data.frame(c(11, 78,22), c("m", "f", "f"), c(1,2,2),  
stringsAsFactors = FALSE)  
colnames(this.df) <- c("mark", "gender", "group")  
represent_numerical_data_forsubgroups(this.df, "group", "mark", NA)
```

return_longitudinal_summary

Function to get the longitudinal summary mean and sd

Description

Function to get the longitudinal summary mean and sd

Usage

```
return_longitudinal_summary(thedata, columnnames, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

thedata a data frame
 columnnames column names of the data that are some observations at some time points
 nrcode the non response code in the data

Value

returns the effect sizes

Examples

```
test_data <- as.data.frame(cbind(c(1,2,3,4,5), c(20,40,60,80,100),
c("F", "F", "M", "M", "F")))
colnames(test_data) <- c("no", "marks", "gender")
test_data$marks <- as.numeric(test_data$marks)
results <- return_longitudinal_summary(test_data, "marks", NA)
```

return_subgroup_omitna

Function to return a subgroup when certain variable equals the given value while omitting those with NA

Description

Function to return a subgroup when certain variable equals the given value while omitting those with NA

Function to return a subgroup when certain variable equals the given value while omitting those with NA

Usage

```
return_subgroup_omitna(data, variable, value)
```

```
return_subgroup_omitna(data, variable, value)
```

Arguments

data data frame
 variable that corresponds to a column
 value a value that can be taken by the variable

Value

subgroup a data frame if success error if failure

subgroup a data frame if success error if failure

Examples

```
return_subgroup_omitna(data.frame(
  "age" = c(21, 15),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")
), "age", 10)
return_subgroup_omitna(data.frame(
  "age" = c(21, 15),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")
), "age", 10)
```

return_subgroup_withNA

Function to return a subgroup when certain variable equals the given value while omitting those with NA

Description

Function to return a subgroup when certain variable equals the given value while omitting those with NA

Usage

```
return_subgroup_withNA(data, variable, value)
```

Arguments

data	data frame
variable	that corresponds to a column
value	a value that can be taken by the variable

Value

subgroup a data frame if success error if failure

Examples

```
return_subgroup_withNA(data.frame(
  "age" = c(21, 15),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")
), "age", 10)
```

test_age	<i>Function to check the format of 'age' in data</i>
----------	--

Description

Function to check the format of 'age' in data

Usage

```
test_age(data, agecolumn = "age", nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
agecolumn	column name that corresponds to age or date of birth
nrcode	non response code corresponding to age column

Value

0, if success error if failure

Examples

```
df <- data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15), "Name" = c("John", "Dora"))
test_age(df, "age", 999)
```

test_columnnames	<i>Function to test column names of a data being different from what specified</i>
------------------	--

Description

Function to test column names of a data being different from what specified

Usage

```
test_columnnames(column_names, data)
```

Arguments

column_names	column names of the data frame
data	a data frame

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_columnnames(c("name", "age"), data.frame(  
  "Age" = c(21, 15),  
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")  
))
```

test_column_contents *Function to check the format of column contents*

Description

Function to check the format of column contents

Usage

```
test_column_contents(data, column, code, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
column	column name for gender
code	how column values are coded
nrcode	non response code corresponding to gender column

Value

0, if success error if failure

Examples

```
test_column_contents(data.frame(  
  "sex" = c("m", "f"),  
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")  
) , "sex", c("m", "f"), 999)
```

test_data_numeric *Function to check the format of a numeric column*

Description

Function to check the format of a numeric column

Usage

```
test_data_numeric(column_name, data, nrcode = NA, minval, maxval)
```

Arguments

column_name	the column name
data	data frame
nrcode	non response code corresponding to the column
minval	minimum value allowed
maxval	maximum value allowed

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_data_numeric("age", data.frame(
  "Age" = c(21, 15),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")
), -99, 0, 100)
```

test_data_numeric_norange *Function to check the format of a numeric column when the values are not bounded*

Description

Function to check the format of a numeric column when the values are not bounded

Usage

```
test_data_numeric_norange(column_name, data, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

column_name	the column name
data	data frame
nrcode	non response code corresponding to the column

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_data_numeric_norange("marks", data.frame(
  "marks" = c(210, 99),
  "Name" = c("John", "Dora")
), -99)
```

test_data_string	<i>Function to check the format of a string column</i>
------------------	--

Description

Function to check the format of a string column

Usage

```
test_data_string(data, column_name, nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	data frame
column_name	the column name
nrcode	non response code corresponding to the column

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_data_string(data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15), "Name" = c("John", "Dora")),
"age", -999)
```

`test_data_string_restriction`

Function to check the format of a string column when the string values are given

Description

Function to check the format of a string column when the string values are given

Usage

```
test_data_string_restriction(data, column_name, nrcode = NA, allowed_strings)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	data frame
<code>column_name</code>	the column name
<code>nrcode</code>	non response code corresponding to the column
<code>allowed_strings</code>	allowed strings or characters to represent meaningful entry

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_data_string_restriction(  
  data.frame("Age" = c(21, 15), "sex" = c("m", "f")),  
  "sex", -999, c("f", "m")  
)
```

`test_file_exist_read` *Function to throw error on invalid directory or file and if not readable*

Description

Function to throw error on invalid directory or file and if not readable

Usage

```
test_file_exist_read(filename)
```

Arguments

<code>filename</code>	name of a file or dir
-----------------------	-----------------------

Value

0, if success error, if failure

Examples

```
test_file_exist_read(system.file("extdata", "blank.txt",  
  package = "IPDFileCheck"  
))
```

test_gender	<i>Function to check the format of 'gender' column in data</i>
-------------	--

Description

Function to check the format of 'gender' column in data

Usage

```
test_gender(data, gendercode, gendercolumn = "gender", nrcode = NA)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame
gendercode	how gender is coded
gendercolumn	column name for gender
nrcode	non response code corresponding to gender column

Value

0, if success error if failure

Examples

```
test_gender(data.frame("sex" = c("m", "f"), "Name" = c("John", "Dora")),  
  c("f", "m"), "sex", 999)
```

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